

I 849

You Are Invited to Be Present.

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BARR'S

TO-MORROW,

ANNIVERSARY

MARCH 10, 1891.

OPENING,

I 891

All Are Invited to Be Present.

Barr's

HONOR US WITH YOUR PRESENCE.

Barr's

Barr's

WE WILL DO YOU GOOD!

Barr's

GRAND-JURY WORK.

BIG BATCH OF INDICTMENTS RETURNED TO THE CRIMINAL COURT.

Thirty-nine indictments found and three bills ignored—Luke O'Reilly indicted for murder in the second degree—Other cases investigated by the grand jury.

A partial report was made in the Criminal Court by the March grand jury at about 11 o'clock this morning. The March indictment has been in progress since last Monday, and an unusual amount of work has been done. A total of thirty-nine true bills have been returned, although a number of cases had to be continued and the work of the session materially delayed on account of the absence of important witnesses. Three actions were ignored.

An indictment for murder in the second degree was returned against Luke O'Reilly. On Nov. 22 last O'Reilly shot and fatally wounded John J. Schmidt. The deceased was a respectable young man living at 400 East Davis street, Carondelet. O'Reilly had been on a hunting trip in Illinois and crossed the river at the Carondelet ferry. Meeting an acquaintance he went to Jos. Schmidt's place and obtained a bucket of beer. He told Schmidt he had no money, and when the saloon-keeper objected to giving him credit on the ground that he was a stranger, became enraged and drew a revolver. He had just leveled the weapon at the proprietor, when the son sprang forward and received a

ball in the abdomen. He lived until Nov. 29. A mob obtained a rope and tried to hang O'Reilly at the time of the shooting and might have been successful in the effort had not Officer Thornton of the First District put in a timely appearance. As it was O'Reilly was badly beaten about the head and body. The defendant claims that young Schmidt and a companion assaulted him. O'Reilly's record is against him.

OTHER INDICTMENTS.

True bills for fraud were returned against Williams Waters, two; Theo. Vincent, William Schultz, three; Thomas Erven, Conrad Bierman, three. Robert Alexander was indicted for criminal assault and Arthur King for attempted criminal assault.

Indictments for robbery in the first degree were found against Thomas Carr and Thomas Goldman, and for attempted robbery in the first degree against Charles Buskin and Asa Adams.

Indictments for burglary in the first degree and larceny were returned against Noah S. Anderson and Louis McKenzie, William Robinson, four; William Robinson and Joseph Riddle, Wm. Robinson and Toke Weatherpoon. Robinson, Riddle and Weatherpoon form the trio of burglars who operated with great success in the West End Christmas were. Weatherpoon was caught at Covington, Ky.

True bills for burglary in the second degree and larceny were found against Martin Welsh and John Gleason, Geo. King, Geo. Hughes, Wm. Crowell, Eugene Black (two), Noah Anderson and Louis McKenzie.

True bills for grand larceny were returned against Charles Smith, Hugh McKay, Clara Morgan, Timothy Bresnahan and Henry Niehaus, Henry Bailey and Sis Bailey. Lisie Fisher was indicted for receiving stolen property, while Robert Shaw, George

Stephenson and Andrew Wright were held to answer for assault with intent to kill.

IGNORED BILLS.

The actions against Max Mabrey, alias Crawford, for fraud, Charles Brown and John Knowles for grand larceny, and L. D. Alexander for fraud, were ignored. Mabrey was charged with defrauding Louis Wasson out of 75 cents by representing that he would put him in the United States Secret Service Department. Brown and Knowles were alleged to have stolen \$38 from the cash drawer of Adam Hoffman's saloon on South Broadway. Alexander, a negro, was alleged to have represented to one Salie Johnson that he was a practicing attorney and engaged to represent her in an action for slander, which she wishes to commence in the Circuit Court. The woman claimed to have paid Alexander \$20 on the strength of this statement.

The grand jury is still in session and will hardly finish the work on its docket in less than three weeks. An arraignment of the jail prisoners to-day indicted will be held in the Criminal Court late this afternoon.

Robert Ray Hamilton.

New York, March 9.—After taking some evidence this morning concerning the death of Robert Ray Hamilton, surrogate Ransom gave immediate judgment in the noted contest over the will of Hamilton by Evangeline G. Manning. He declared that legally Hamilton was dead, and then admitted the will to probate.

The Budweiser Restaurant.

Sixth, near Locust, is now under the management of Mr. Pierre Lambert, who serves the best the market affords and does it promptly.

THE MILLINGTON CASE.

Interesting Facts Developed Concerning the Murder of Avery.

DENVER, Colo., March 9.—The evidence in the trial of F. W. Millington and his wife for the murder of Wm. H. Avery, has been quite damaging. The prosecution is very strong and is being conducted by the District Attorney, C. H. Stevens, J. E. Garrigus, J. A. Ballard of Fort Collins and L. L. Mills of Chicago. On the side of the defense are T. W. Patterson, C. S. Thomas and Henry Lee.

Mrs. Millington was the wife of the dead man, and it is charged he was gotten out of the way that she might marry the co-defendant. The guilty attachment between them has been most conclusively proven, and also their secret marriage in Nebraska shortly after Avery's death. The theory of the defense, as shown in the cross-examination of the witnesses for the prosecution, is suicide. They are not making much of a fight to save the reputations of Millington and wife, and therefore offered slight opposition to the proof of the guilty attachment. In their theory Avery's knowledge of the relations between Millington and Mrs. Avery caused him to kill himself.

The body of Avery has been exhumed three times for the purposes of the prosecution, and the defense has claimed that it would be raised again for their purposes.

In Denver two years ago Millington and Avery decided to go to Fort Collins on business together. When they reached Fort Collins the first thing that Avery did was to introduce his new partner to his wife. Avery was proud of his wife, for she was a beautiful woman. Young Millington and Mrs. Avery during the course of a year became considerably interested in each other. Finally it became town gossip that they were lovers. People used to see Mrs. Avery coming from Millington's rooms at early hours in the morning, and when Mr. Avery was away Millington was sure to be at his home. Mrs. Avery went to Denver. She and Millington rented rooms there and carried on their love-making almost in public. At last a crisis in affairs came. In May, 1890, Mrs. Avery left her husband and went to Denver. She announced that she was going to get a divorce, but Avery promised his wife \$5,000 if she would go back and live with him. She consented. Millington, who was with her in Denver, immediately followed her to Fort Collins. It is said she met her lover at the Twyman House. It is from this stage that the conduct of the two has been most carefully scrutinized, for it is at this point that the prosecution claims that the plot was formed which resulted in Avery's death. A few days after this visit Avery was taken ill and showed symptoms of arsenic poisoning. Millington's sister Sarah, alias "Lillie" Millington, in disguise traveled between Denver and Fort Collins and took messages from Millington to Mrs. Avery. In June Avery died. At the post mortem Prof. Ober of the Agricultural College discovered 7/10 of a grain of arsenic in the intestines of the dead man. Twelve days after Avery's death, Millington and Mrs. Avery were secretly married in a little town in Nebraska. They returned to Denver. Mrs. Avery went back to Fort Collins, and passed as Mrs. Avery since Millington remained in Denver when their marriage was announced she returned to Denver to live. A few weeks later they were arrested, taken to Fort Collins, held for the grand jury, indicted, and by a change of venue returned to Denver for trial.

ABOUT TOWN.

Rev. J. D. Vinick, Secretary of the Masonic Grand Lodge of Missouri, will address the Office Men's Club at their rooms, No. 3223 Olive street, to-morrow evening.

VERA MOORE COUNCIL, No. 187, American Fraternal Circle, will have four candidates for initiation and several applications to act upon at their meeting Tuesday evening, March 10.

Mrs. MARY ANDERSON and her 4-year-old child are destitute on the second floor rear at 108 North Eleventh street. Seven months ago her husband disappeared. She is now in a delicate condition.

M. L. HAN, a tie contractor living at Williamsburg, reported to the police last night that while asleep in the house at 407 South Sixth street he was robbed of \$150, but an investigation failed to confirm his statement.

The "Qui Vive Quintette," composed of E. J. Gehan, D. A. McGrath, J. J. Kirby, R. D. Starnes and Jos. Whalen, will give their first grand hop to-morrow evening, March 11, at Addington Hall, corner Seventeenth and Olive streets.

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Arms, Louis Woulbrink, Executive Committee, E. Siebeck, Ed. Gook, J. Dickbrader, Representative to International Printing Pressmen's Union, E. Siebeck, Alternate, F. J. Barth, District Organizer, Frank J. Baumgartner.

Even If He Has Left You Alone.

From the Texas Sittings. Never believe the man who says he had forgotten all about that little loan you return.

THE LINDSEY HOTEL.

The St. Louis Alumni Society of the Missouri State University is to meet at the Lindsey Hotel this evening for the purpose of adopting resolutions in regard to the Governor's message in reference to endowing the State University.

Wm. H. Deussen gave a concert at Concordia Club Hall, on Chouteau avenue, last night, in which Wm. Peterson gave a suite solo, P. S. Anton, Jr., and Guido Farad vocal solos, and Miss Harriet Steinbrecker a vocal solo. The entertainment concluded with a hop.

At the last regular meeting of the St. Louis Pressmen's Union, No. 6, the following officers were elected to serve for the ensuing term: President, Frank J. Baumgartner; Vice President, Joseph J. Kaup; Financial Secretary, John Dickbrader; Recording and Corresponding Secretary, Ed. Gook; Treasurer, Otto Kallbitz; Sergeant-at-Law, Louis Woulbrink.

Sold by all druggists. \$1; six for \$5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

100 Doses One Dollar

Bargains

New Spring Wraps.

We are showing a complete stock of new spring styles. The very choicest goods and latest styles at lower prices than they can be found elsewhere.

Read the following bargain offerings; everything will be found exactly as advertised:
New Blazer Jackets, \$1.75-1.90 new style Blazer Jackets, with large, high shoulders, plain black, with gold cord edging all around, all sizes from 32 to 40, and equal in appearance to our regular \$5 Jacket; a bargain at \$1.75 each.

At \$3.75—Stylish all-wool Blazer Jackets, with handsomely braided collars and fronts; this Jacket comes in black, navy and tan; a bargain at \$3.75 each.

At \$5.50—Fine quality Black Diagonal Cloth Jackets, latest cut; a bargain at \$5.50 each.

All the latest novelties in long Capes, handsomely embroidered in the new tinsel effects, also in plain black; special bargain offerings from \$6.75 to \$25.

Ladies' all-wool Commodes in black, tan and navy, new shapes; special good value from \$5.75 to \$10.

Ladies' "Cravenette" Waterproof Garments, a new imported material, and becoming very popular, perfectly shower-proof, very light weight and in the new tinsel effects, comes in black, navy and castor or drab; at from \$15 to \$16.75.

Children's Spring Wraps

Our splendid assortment has no equal.

Children's Reefers in all colors, new and nobly trimmed, perfect shapes, for ages from 4 to 12 years; at \$1.85, \$2.50, \$3, \$3.75 and \$5.

Children's Long Goretches, in new effects and combinations, plaids and plain colors, for ages 4 to 14 years; special value at \$5, \$6.75, \$7.50, \$8.50 and up to \$20 each.

Ladies' Waists.

Ladies' Waists will be a prominent feature this season with us. We are showing a large variety of Fancy Waists, for wearing with Blouses, complete stock, from Flannelette Waists at 75c to the latest Novelty Waists at \$25. Ladies' canvas weave Shirt Waists, \$1.75 up.

Ladies' Fancy Gingham Shirt Waists, \$1 up.

Ladies' Wash Silk Shirt Waists, \$3 up.

Ladies' China Silk Shirt Waists, \$4 up.

Ladies' Dress Skirts.

We now have in stock an elegant line of Ladies' Dress Skirts in brilliant, cashmere and silk, in all the latest styles, from \$5 to \$12.

Spring Shawls and Fichus.

New importations just received in Black Shawls, Fichus, Silk Shawls, Knit Shawls, etc., also a full stock of Scotch, English and Persian Shawls at lowest cash prices.

B. Nugent & Bro.

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New Dress Goods.

Special bargains this week in New Pattern Dresses—latest colors, latest styles.

AT \$9.25—100 New Pattern Dresses; the fancy part is a large polka dot, self-colored, on six different grounds, with plain to match, price elsewhere \$12; only \$9.25 a full pattern.

AT \$15—A novelty, small Camel's-hair Check, with large cube spots contrasting; only \$15 a full pattern.

AT \$1.25—30 pieces new English Suitings, 50 inches wide, in stripes and checks, choicest colorings, only \$1.25 a yard.

AT \$50—A large assortment of imported Cashmere Plaids and Checks, 45 inches wide and stylish effects, only 50c a yard.

AT \$50—75 pieces new Scotch Cheviot Suitings, very desirable, only 50c a yard.

AT \$50—Novelty styles in French Suiting, 38 inches wide, only 50c a yard.

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New Dress Trimmings.

Come and see our display of new Dress Trimmings; everything new, everything artistic, everything at lower prices than can be found elsewhere.

Jet and Tinsel Narrow Headings in black and gold and black and silver from 40c to \$1 yard.

Pearl and gold and pearl and silver Narrow Headings at 75c, 90c and \$1.05 yard.

Iridescent Jet on Brussels net bands set with Jewels, at \$1.38 yard.

Silk and Tinsel Applique, embossed with acanthus metal, superb, \$2.50 a yard.

Colored French Bead Applique, with cantile metal in new design, set with jewels, at \$4.25 a yard.

Jane Hading Waist Sets, silk, with tinsel, at \$13.50 a set.

New Buttons.

Latest Paris Novelties in Buttons—gold, silver, steel, jewels, etc., from 25c to \$1.50 dozen.

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China Silks.

At 59c a yd.

On Monday morning we will offer 50 pieces new China Silks, in good quality and beautiful patterns, black grounds, and also all colors; the regular price of these goods is 85c a yard; a special bargain on Monday at 59c a yard.

New Grenadines.

We are daily opening new Silk Grenadines, and are now showing the best assortment in St. Louis, and all at very low prices.

AT 65c—A beautiful line of new Broadened Silk Grenadines; will not be found elsewhere under \$1; a special bargain at 65c a yard.

AT 75c—25 pieces plain Black Iron Frame All-Silk Grenadine, worth \$1 yard; a special bargain at 75c a yard.

B. Nugent & Bro.

St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

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JOSEPH FULTON, President.

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TWELVE PAGES.

MONDAY, MARCH 9, 1891.

AMUSEMENTS TO-NIGHT.

OLYMPIA—"The County Fair."

GRAND OPERA—"The Count of Monte Cristo."

YORK—"McCarthy's Misadventure."

HAYES—"The Kabuki."

STANDARD—"Sensational Room Baroque Co."

Weather forecast for twenty-four

hours, beginning at 9 a. m. to-day,

for Missouri: Fair; warmer; winds

becoming southerly.

Weather forecast for twenty-four

hours, beginning at 9 a. m. to-day, for

St. Louis: Fair; warmer.

THERE will be a big time in 1893, and St.

Louis will be "in it."

THE Independent Council ticket stands

upon a square anti-bond and anti-political

machine platform.

THE British aristocracy has thrown the

British public into an unusually severe

spasm of virtuous indignation.

THE Independent citizens' movement is a

fight of the people against the bosses and

boodlers for the control of the city.

ONE of the greatest needs of St. Louis

at present is a grand jury with the courage

to investigate boodling in the Municipal

Assembly.

THE Independent municipal ticket has

an introduction to the voters of St. Louis

which should command their support at

the polls.

NO AMOUNT of testimony as to the enor-

mous conduct of Mr. MERIWETHER

can justify a political bargain with cor-

porations on the part of the Governor.

HEADS broken in faction fights are bad

evidence of harmony in the home rule

cause for Irish representatives to present to

Americans as the basis of an appeal for

funds.

THE opportunity which the Columbian

jubilee affords to show the world what

gorgeous things street pavements and illumi-

nations may be made will be fully grasped

by St. Louis.

THERE is one way to put a permanent

stop to the disgraceful sale of franchises in

the Municipal Assembly; that is by the

election of honest men as members of both

branches of it.

THE indications in yesterday's dispatches

that Dr. MOON's constituents are bringing

him to his senses afford a pleasing promise

that the disreputable Streeter combination

will not succeed.

THE strongest argument which could be

advanced in favor of the election of the In-

dependent municipal ticket is the story of

that fund of \$210,000 for the purchase of

street railway franchises.

THE announcement that the Dominion

Government will at once open negotiations

with the United States Government for a

reciprocity treaty proves that the struggle

of the Canadian Liberals, although it did

not win a Parliamentary majority, resulted

in a moral victory. It frightened the

Tories into an adoption of their policy in a

modified form.

In the choice between two evils in the

matter of appointing the new Supreme

Court Circuit Judges it is generally re-

garded as a certainty that the President

will choose the one more desirable from the

standpoint of himself and his party; that

is he will assume the responsibility of nam-

ing and putting them to work without the

consent of the Senate, the obtaining of

which would require an extra session.

INDIANA, whose territory is scarcely an

hour's walk from the corporation bound-

ary of Chicago, has appropriated \$100,000

for a State exhibit at the World's Fair,

and the Legislature came very near taking a stubborn stand on \$45,000. California's appropriation of \$300,000 is explained by the fact that she has more uncoupled land than any other State in the Union, except Texas, and by the further fact that the same millionaires and corporations that own the aforesaid uncoupled land in tracts larger than some of the minor kingdoms of Europe, own the California Legislature also.

WHOLESALE BRIBERY.

The March Grand-jury is now in session and there is but one thing to prevent it from obtaining proofs of the revelations made in the SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH—proofs that several street railway companies had to "chip in" a corruption fund of \$210,000 to get the recently enacted street railway ordinances through the Municipal Assembly.

The one obstacle to the production of the proof is the law which punishes alike the bribe-taker and the bribe-giver. Neither can be forced to testify against the other, because he can refuse to answer questions when the answer would incriminate himself. The Prosecuting Attorney may find it necessary to postpone a Grand-jury investigation till he can induce some one or more of the guilty to "turn State's evidence" on the customary conditions, before he can obtain the technical proofs necessary to send others of the guilty to the penitentiary.

In the meantime, however, there is reason to believe that the Grand-jury need only begin the investigation to find abundant evidence of wholesale bribery. Directors who voted against the expenditure of money for "blind pool" purposes can specify the amounts so used without convicting themselves. It is probable that the bribes were paid to third parties—outside trustees—and that some of the agents can give testimony tracing the money very close to the indictable parties without testifying to any criminal act. Some of the shrews in the bribe fund may thus find that they have been swindled, and render some valuable assistance in ferreting the whole thing out.

But the situation is such as to morally convince the whole community that it can expect nothing but corruption from a Municipal Assembly which is the product of either or both party machines, and that some better safeguard than the easily evaded penalties of the criminal law must be relied on to stop such corruption. The same party bosses who get up the Municipal Assembly slates and put "boodles" measures through for stipulated amounts, giving only enough to their tools to make criminal slaves of them, have a good deal to do with the practical administration of the criminal law, the making of bail bonds and so forth. The only thing to do is to elect a Council independent of the bosses and machines, and now is the time to do it.

In slating up the amount Missouri should contribute to Chicago's alleged "World's Fair," the Legislature should give due consideration to the fact that the "World's" share in the Fair promises to be limited to Western Hemisphere exhibits.

The recent World's Fair in Paris rather exhausted the Old World's passion for contributing to such shows. The German Emperor, whose Government excludes American provisions and breadstuffs in retaliation for our high tariff against German products, has referred to the various boards of trade in his empire the question whether it will pay to have any German exhibit at Chicago or not. France, the great exhibiting country, is considering measures of retaliation for our tariff, and talking about the absurdity of showing goods at great expense in distant markets closed against them by law. M. THIBAUD, the Director-General of the Paris Exposition, says that French manufacturers decline for that reason to exhibit at the coming Russian Fair, and they are not likely to send costly exhibits to a still more remote Fair held behind the walls of a still more objectionable tariff.

THE Knights of Plutocracy in New York City held a special meeting to endorse RIBBS, LODGES and MCKINLEY and all they have done or tried to do. Grand Master Workman DEWEY officiated as orator and master of ceremonies, and the thanks and blessings of the Money Power were showered on all who were condemned by the people at the November election. The dominant idea of the meeting was that the aforesaid November election was a great outrage, and that the policy of having a force bill to prevent the people from voting plutocratic measures has been fully demonstrated.

EX-LABOR COMMISSIONER MERIWETHER's domestic affairs have nothing to do with the attitude of the State Administration with regard to legislation for the protection of corporation employees in their rights. The attempt to use the former as a means of diverting attention from the latter is a manifest effort to throw dust in the eyes of the people of the State. It is the conduct of the Governor with reference to the investigation of corporation outrages and the adoption of legislation to prevent them and not the conduct of MERIWETHER towards his wife which concerns Missourians.

THE proposition to give \$647,000 of Missouri's money as a permanent endowment to the State University should stand or fall on its own merits. The assertion that the State can give the money to the University and still extinguish that much of the State debt which is savor of an attempt to obtain the gift under false pretenses. The proposition that the money shall be appropriated to the Seminary fund and then be used in redeeming State bonds is simply a proposition to give away \$647,000 and borrow it again in a way that will convert redeemable bonds into an irredeemable debt and make that much of the State debt perpetual. It means a perpetual annual appropriation of the interest on \$647,000 to the State University, to be paid by the present and future generations of taxpayers, whether they consider the institution worth the money or not. If that is a good thing to do, the reasons for doing it should be strong enough to prevail without any deceptive gloss.

There will probably be another rich man sent to the Senate in the place of Senator Hearst of California. There are plenty of men in that State who have money enough to buy senatorships, and some of them are always found who are not afraid to spend it. It is unfortunate that no public man of any other kind of prominence has been developed in any party in that State for several years.

MEN OF MARK.

JOEL CHANDLER HARRIS, "Uncle Remus," is 69 years old.

SENATOR ELLIOT KYLE is a six-foot blonde of athletic build. He does not look to be more than 35 years old.

SENATOR MANDERSON has been presented with a tall hat made of \$12,000 worth of canceled greenbacks.

SENATOR FIERCE of North Dakota is talked of as a possible Minister to China, in case Mr. Blair decides not to accept that office.

GEORGE W. CHILDS instructed his assistant editors many years ago never to let any witicism which reflected on woman creep into the columns of the Ledger.

DR. LESPEYRE is now 88 years old. At 80 he was a rugged, enthusiastic and vigorous octogenarian, but since the collapse of his great Panama Canal scheme he has aged and broken perceptibly.

MISS LILLIAN E. PERRY of Covington, Tenn., has won a prize for the best description of the kind of man to marry.

EMPEROR EUGENE refused a fortune offered as payment for his trouble if he would undertake the writing of her memoirs.

It looks now as if Mrs. Harrison's plan for an enlarged and beautiful White House would be just about ready for her successor in 1898.

WOMEN OF THE WORLD.

MRS. BURNETT's income from her books and plays is placed at \$22,000 a year.

MRS. TAYLOR of the China Inland Mission is about to attempt a journey through Tibet.

The Sultan of Turkey has conferred the Order of the Sheikh upon Mrs. Whitelaw Reid.

MRS. MARY LINDENBERG of Quakertown, Pa., has just completed a bed quilt that contains 32,228 pieces.

MRS. LILLIAN E. PERRY of Covington, Tenn., has won a prize for the best description of the kind of man to marry.

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TERRIBLE SCENES.

DESCRIBED BY PASSENGERS WHO WITNESSED THE JACKSONVILLE WRECK.

FIREMAN SADDLER'S Death and Engineer Birkhead's Rescue—The Remains of a Girl Consumed Before the Eyes of Father and Sister—Battle With Flames.

Several persons who were passengers on the Jacksonville southeastern train which was wrecked a short distance north of Havana, Ill., shortly before 3 o'clock Sunday morning, arrived in the city to-day. They tell the story of a most horrible experience. The wrecked train was known as the "Red Express," and left Chicago at 7:40 Saturday evening, and at the time of the accident was running at the rate of thirty-five miles an hour. A mile and a half north of Havana a broken rail was encountered and the entire train, engine, baggage car, express car, smoking car and three coaches, all rolled down the embankment of about ten feet. The speed at which the train was going threw the cars in the rear partially upon the engine, baggage car and express car. The engine, baggage car and express car were buried beneath the engine, and he was cremated in full view of those present, who were powerless to extricate him from his perilous position. The locomotive was thrown off the track and the road on account of the accident is closed, the wrecked train being one of the finest that has ever run out of St. Louis. The wreckage of the train was a sight to horrify the company place the loss at \$75,000. The wounded are in the City Hospital at Jacksonville, Ill., which city is the headquarters of the railroad companies.

Mr. George B. Stephens, who resides in Chicago, was the Pullman conductor on the train. He was seen by one of the passengers this morning and told the story of the terrible wreck.

"We pulled out of Chicago," said he, "and in the city last morning we had a good deal of trouble. A drizzling rain was falling, and was forming into ice as it fell. We passed Pekin about 1:30, going out only a short way beyond the city. The engine pulling nearly all the time. My passengers were asking more questions than usually the case. The weather, it seems, had made everybody nervous. Engineer Birkhead had succeeded in working up a speed of about thirty-five miles, and the train, which always did run well, was getting along very well. There was a sudden rattle, and I could hear some one talking in an ordinary tone of voice from one end to the other of the car. I was sitting on the coal box nodding, and was just contriving to imagine some way to pass away the time at 2:30 Sunday morning. I got up and started after a novel I had in my overcoat."

"Just as I started across the car I gave a powerful lunge forward, and I knew immediately that something had happened. There was a creaking, scraping sound, followed by a loud crash. At the same time the Pullman car I was in seemed to have been lifted from the track, and I and the passengers were all hurled into the air. The train was running on a run for the right hand corner facing the engine. There was no time to be lost and the passengers and myself crawled out the best way possible. Everybody was excited and several got outside in their night clothes. My car was standing slightly up on the embankment, and the front door was jammed and the door of the car being in contact with the car just in front. But the rear door could be opened, and it was in this direction that we escaped."

"The engine and everything was miserable. The people were frightened and cold, and from the front end of the train we could hear groans and cries for help. The escaping wheels were so hot that I was dressed and ran up to the front, where there was apparently trouble. Coming near I could see Engineer Birkhead, plucked beneath the wheels of the engine, and I saw the engine's fire growing nearer and nearer every minute. For a moment strong men stood powerless to move, when some one stepped forward, pointing the danger in which the engine was."

"With this the men went to work with a vim. Their energies were directed toward saving the engine. The engine was so hot that it seemed as if it would burst. Women came to the work, saw the poor suffering fellow and went away hysterical. Some of the men were put to work, and with masterful effort Birkhead was released, amid the cheers of every person present. He had a broken arm and a broken leg and was badly scalded."

"The baggage car was then in flames and the smoke threatened. The remains of Miss Ellen Wood, bound from Chicago to Jacksonville, were in the baggage car, and while they were burning her father and sister stood and witnessed the incineration. It was a most pitiful sight. Anything would have been done to save the baggage car, but it was impossible. The car was already completely enveloped in flames. It was heart-rending to see the search for bones after the train had been burned up by the fire. Stricken relatives and taken to Jacksonville. This was one of the saddest scenes of the whole occurrence, and it brought tears to many eyes."

"In a dangerous position. The people in the smoke were in a dangerous place. Their cries could be heard above the roar of the fire. Some of them were plucked from their positions and unable to move. Express Messenger Bates of Jacksonville had been rescued before I arrived on the scene. It took hard work, but we saved all the people in the smoke, nearly every one of whom was injured more or less. There was no way to check the fire, and aided by a fire that had been steadily along the line of cars. The cause of the fire was the baggage and express cars piling upon the engine. The whole train was slowly consumed, but the baggage car was the last to have time to dress. But the weather was anything but pleasant with a full supply of clothing. The scenes around the wreck were exciting in the extreme. Women were searching for their husbands, and husbands were searching for their wives, and brothers after sisters and sisters after brothers. They thought he closed the door, and took on bleeding. There was only a small number of the passengers who escaped without injury."

"ANOTHER PASSENGER TALKS. Mr. Lewis H. Tower of Taylorville, Kan., was also a passenger on the train. He had his right foot injured, but is determined to go home."

THE FINANCIAL STATUS.

THE NEW YORK STOCK MARKET WEAK WITH A DECLINING TENDENCY.

THE GRANGER STOCKS AND THE COAL LINES SHOW SIGNS OF WEAKNESS—INFLUENCE OF SOUTH AMERICAN SECURITIES ON THE MARKET—CONDITION OF THE BANKS.

NEW YORK, March 9.—The financial situation in this city is by no means encouraging, and the market while dull, manifests many feverish symptoms that may lead to a sharp decline. The weakness that has characterized the granger stocks, especially the Illinois Central, during the past few days is not supposed to be due so much to the prospects of those roads as to the condition of the money and stock market in this city. While the freights on the Western roads have not been up to the average in amount, rates have been better maintained than usual, and earnings have been fairly satisfactory.

A SOURCE OF WEAKNESS. This condition of affairs, taken in connection with the fact that the Villards have strong backing, would under ordinary circumstances maintain the stocks at their usual prices, but as matters now stand they are on the down grade, and the weakness in the coal roads. The stock of anthracite in the distributing centers is largely in excess of the demand, and it is acknowledged that there will have to be a reduction in production and transportation in order to allow the stock on hand to be used up. The bank statement of Saturday was also more unfavorable than had been anticipated, although it was known that it would not be good, and this had a depressing effect on trading. The principal cause for the present weakness of the American securities, however, is the sharp decline in South American securities. New York bankers are now more deeply interested in those stocks and bonds than they have been before.

SOUTH AMERICAN STOCKS. When the troubles in the English market that led to the suspension of the Harbings bank, there were some \$100,000,000 of American securities, and a considerable amount held in this city. Although frequently approached, the large banking houses had steadily refused to invest, and the American troubles sent prices sharply downward. The troubles in financial circles in this country arose from the fact that English holders of South American securities were compelled to sell their securities at a loss, and the market was flooded with them. At present the situation is different. Many New York and Boston firms, notably Drexel, Morgan & Co., bought large amounts of South American securities, and down turn, believing that they would be certain to revive when the panic should subside. The anticipated revival did not take place, and the English market sent prices sharply downward in England, and consequently in this country. A large demand for money has resulted, coupled with the sale of large amounts of American securities, and there has been an unusual demand for the extension of loans.

THE MORNING'S PRICES. The rising tendency in the stock market on Saturday at the close was continued this morning, and first prices were generally from 1/4 to 1/2 percent better than the closing figures of Saturday while in many cases further slight improvement was noted during the early trading. There was, however, very little of interest in the market, only St. Paul, Louisville & Nashville and Burlington & Quincy being really active. A crowd of speculators in Rock Island and Lackawanna, while the remainder of the market was dull and featureless as usual of late. The improving tendency, however, appeared toward 10:30, and prices in most stocks were again brought below those of the opening. New England developed most active interest, and the market followed closely with it. Late in the hour Rock Island developed considerable strength and a small fraction, while New England rallied. At 11 o'clock the market was dull and rather heavy, generally a shade below the opening prices. The stock market after 11 o'clock was rendered very dull, but the declining tendency was still apparent, although the changes in quotations were in all cases insignificant. The trading for the hour developed no special feature, however, and at noon the market was still extremely dull and rather heavy at slight fractions under the opening prices.

NEW YORK STOCKS. By Private Wire to Gaylord, Blesing & Co. LONDON, March 9, 3 p. m.—Prices of American securities: Northern Pacific preferred..... 74 1/2 The Erie..... 18 1/2 Lake Shore..... 22 1/2 St. Paul..... 42 1/2 New York Central..... 35 1/2 Reading..... 25 1/2 Chesapeake & Ohio..... 20 1/2 There is a fair demand in the loan market for Chicago, Burlington & Quincy, Rock Island and Pullman. The market for Western market very dull; all kinds plenty. Rates on C. B. & O., R. I. and D. L. & W., 1 1/2 percent. On other rates 2 1/2 and 3 percent. Money 8 to 10 percent. London brought today, and traders sold. The earnings of the Northern Pacific for March 4 increased \$6,000. Think market on stock will be higher to-day.

Gaylord, Blesing & Co., 307 Olive Street. We are connected by private wire with New York and Chicago, and execute orders for the purchase and sale of railroad stocks and bonds for cash or on margin; also grain and provisions. Our market quotations are quick and reliable information are unsurpassed.

SALON ROBBERY. Some unknown thief concealed himself in Edward Hoffman's saloon, 70 E. Locust, last night, and when all was quiet broke open the cash drawer and stole \$5 in change. He escaped from the place by breaking out a light of glass from the front door. Hoffman suspects a man named Saco, who was in the saloon. A description of the fellow has been given to the police.

Disturbed the Woodworth Services. Joseph Russell created a disturbance in the church at Fourteenth and Lucas places about 9 o'clock last night, during the progress of the Woodworth revival services. He was arrested by Sergt. Shoemaker and spent the night in the Four Court house. This morning he was in the First District Police Court charged with disturbing a religious meeting. Judge Cady fined him \$10 and costs on the evidence submitted.

Expensive Fun. Early yesterday evening Harry Greenberg left his horse unattended for a few moments. When he returned half an hour later horse and buggy were gone. Greenberg reported the matter to the police and later in the night Officer McCallahan found the rig in the possession of Harry King, who pointed out that he had only gone out for a ride. He was sent into the First District Police Court. Judge Cady fined him \$25 and cost for his fun.

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CONDENSED OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF THE AMERICAN EXCHANGE BANK

At St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, at the Close of Business on the 17th day of January, 1891.

| RESOURCES. | | LIABILITIES. | |
|--|-----------------------|--|-----------------------|
| Capital stock paid in..... | \$1,250,000.00 | Capital stock paid in..... | \$1,250,000.00 |
| Surplus..... | 1,250,000.00 | Surplus..... | 1,250,000.00 |
| Deposits, banks and bankers..... | 1,000,000.00 | Deposits, banks and bankers..... | 1,000,000.00 |
| Deposits, individuals and others..... | 1,000,000.00 | Deposits, individuals and others..... | 1,000,000.00 |
| Deposits, subject to draft at given dates..... | 1,000,000.00 | Deposits, subject to draft at given dates..... | 1,000,000.00 |
| Total..... | \$3,500,000.00 | Total..... | \$3,500,000.00 |

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis, ss.
We, Peter Nicholson, President, and Walker Hill, Cashier of said bank, each of us, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of our knowledge and belief.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 25th day of January, A. D. 1891.
Witness my hand and notarial seal the day last aforesaid. (Commissioned and qualified for a term expiring June 27, 1891.)
GEO. F. WOLFF, Notary Public.

Corrected-Attest: EPHRON CATLIN, ALVAN MANSON, SAM'L M. KENNARD, Directors.
Ephron Catlin, Alvan O. Church, F. W. Humphrey, Sam'l M. Kennard, Peter Nicholson, Geo. W. Updike, Alvan Manson, Orson Hewitt, J. B. M. Kehlor, J. B. Lucas, F. G. Niedringhaus, Daniel S. Holmes, John W. Turner.

THE MERCHANTS' NATIONAL BANK OF ST. LOUIS, 412 OLIVE STREET.

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| W. H. LEE, Pres. | JAS. E. YEATMAN, Vice-Prest. | JOHN NICKERSON, Cashier. |
| JAMES E. YEATMAN, Vice-President. | A. L. SHAPLEIGH, Secretary. | F. H. SHAPLEIGH, Cashier. |
| HENRY C. SCOTT, President. | THOMAS RANKEN, Jr., Capitalist. | E. E. PARAMORE, Treasurer. |
| JOHN J. O'FALLON, Capitalist. | JOHN J. MAINTON, President. | EDWARD WALSH, Jr., President. |
| ST. LOUIS MOVEMENT: | ST. LOUIS MOVEMENT: | ST. LOUIS MOVEMENT: |
| St. Louis, Mo., March 9, 1891. | St. Louis, Mo., March 9, 1891. | St. Louis, Mo., March 9, 1891. |

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF RESOURCES.

| Loans and Discounts..... | Feb. 25, 1891. | Feb. 25, 1891. |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| Loans and Discounts..... | \$1,450,000.00 | \$1,450,000.00 |
| United States Bonds at par..... | 500,000.00 | 500,000.00 |
| Sight Exchange and Cash..... | 500,000.00 | 500,000.00 |
| Furniture and Fixtures..... | 2,000.00 | 2,000.00 |
| Total..... | \$2,450,000.00 | \$2,450,000.00 |

The above dates are those on which the last two calls were made by the Government for statements from National Banks.

LIVE STOCK COMMISSION.

| | |
|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| A. C. Cassidy, Pres. | W. H. LEE, Vice-Prest. |
| CASSIDY BROS. & HINES | COMMISSION CO. |
| Live Stock Commission Merchants, | Union Stock Yards, St. Louis, Mo. |

FOR SALE.

WM. C. LITTLE, SCOTT & CO., 80 shares 4th St. Arsenal Street, 50 shares Union Elevator Co.

L. A. COQUARD, INVESTMENT BROKER.

124 North Third Street. Bonds and stocks of every description bought and sold on commission. Monthly quotation circular mailed free. A large list of first-class securities always on hand.

ST. LOUIS CITY AND COUNTY BONDS.

| City of St. Louis | County of St. Louis |
|-------------------|---------------------|
| City of St. Louis | County of St. Louis |
| City of St. Louis | County of St. Louis |

NEW YORK STOCK QUOTATIONS.

| Stocks | Prices |
|--------|--------|
| Stocks | Prices |
| Stocks | Prices |

STOCK YARD NOTES.

Lois Newman came in from St. Genevieve, Mo., to-day with a team of four horses and a cow, which he received from his father.

LIVE STOCK BY TELEGRAPH.

CHICAGO, Ill., March 9.—The Evening Journal reports: Cattle—Receipts, 18,000; fair to good, but a shade strong on buyers' stock. Top prices, \$10.00; heavy, \$9.50; light, \$9.00.

MONEY.

| Money | Prices |
|-------|--------|
| Money | Prices |
| Money | Prices |

EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS.

| Exchange | Prices |
|----------|--------|
| Exchange | Prices |
| Exchange | Prices |

LOCAL BONDS.

| Local Bonds | Prices |
|-------------|--------|
| Local Bonds | Prices |
| Local Bonds | Prices |

OIL AND PETROLEUM.

| Oil and Petroleum | Prices |
|-------------------|--------|
| Oil and Petroleum | Prices |
| Oil and Petroleum | Prices |

GRAIN AND GRAIN PRODUCTS.

| Grain and Grain Products | Prices |
|--------------------------|--------|
| Grain and Grain Products | Prices |
| Grain and Grain Products | Prices |

ON CHANGE.

Wheat—The foreign situation has overcome the local conditions once more. Although the wheat crop is not yet harvested, the market is still very active.

GRAIN AND GRAIN PRODUCTS.

| Grain and Grain Products | Prices |
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| Grain and Grain Products | Prices |
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GRAIN AND GRAIN PRODUCTS.

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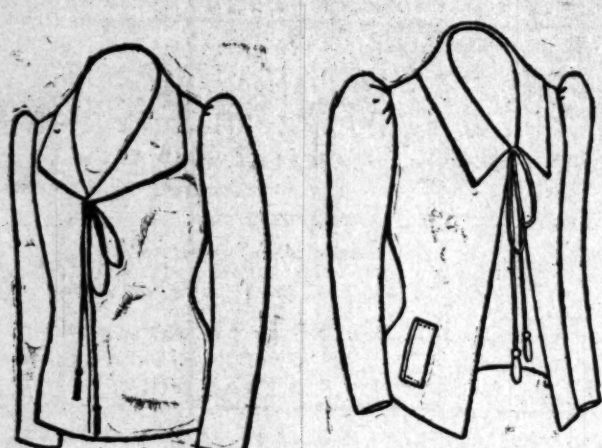
GRAIN AND GRAIN PRODUCTS.

ST. LOUIS, MONDAY EVENING, MARCH 9, 1891.

PARISIAN CLOAK CO.

N. E. COR. BROADWAY AND WASHINGTON AVE.

This ad. shows a few of our many new and taking styles for this season. There are three sides to cloak buying—price, fit and wear side. On all sides we can please you. We are manufacturers—originate and make our own garments. This enables us to undersell dry goods houses who must buy of makers, pay the makers' profit, charge their own profit. One of these profits we save to you. That's the price side. The wear and fit side come together. If good, honest materials wear well, then we guarantee the weariness of our Cloaks. If clever, skillful cutting and making on correct lines, and helpful salespeople, have anything to do with fit, then you needn't go without.



BLAZER JACKET.—Black or blue broadcloth; silk cord and tassels. Sizes, 32 to 42 bust. Only \$2.00.



BLAZER JACKET.—High-cut or shawl collar, with or without silk cord. Excellent goods and proper colors. Sizes, 32 to 42 bust. Only \$2.75.



BLAZER JACKET.—Made of high class imported goods. One of our best styles. Sizes, 32 to 42 bust. Only \$3.75.



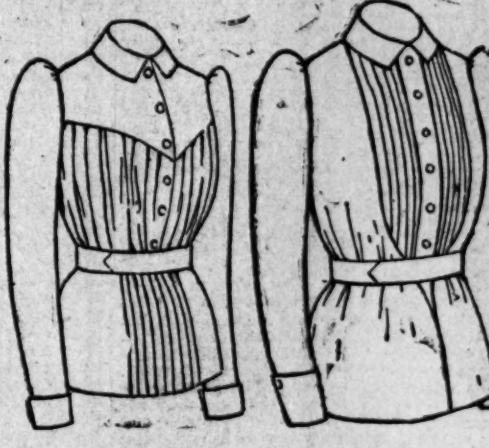
VEST-FRONT JACKET.—One of our most promising efforts. Vest has pleasing corsage effect. Without vest may be worn as a blazer. Prices \$10.00, \$15.00 and \$16.50.



A NEW CAPE.—200 Styles. From \$3.75 up to \$10.



ANOTHER NEW CAPE.—200 Styles. From \$3 up to \$20.



LADIES' SHIRT WAISTS.—The cuts show the principal styles for the summer. PLAIN SHIRT WAISTS—Made of Victoria Lawn, Cambric, Gingham, seersucker, etc.; with tucked bosom and yoke back, same material, 75c. FANCY SHIRT WAISTS—For boating, bicycle, tea, opera, mourning and what you please—in all sorts of wool and silk goods—no end of colors and styles, at \$1.25, \$1.50, \$1.75, \$2, \$2.50, \$3, \$4, \$5, \$6, and \$7.50.



Child's Sailor Sweater.—Made of good serviceable materials. New spring shades and solid colors; exactly like cut; for ages 2 to 14 years. Only \$1.50.



Child's Military Sweater.—Made of very fine broadcloth, satin-faced, gullup clasp, etc. Sizes, from 2 to 16 years. Only \$1.50.



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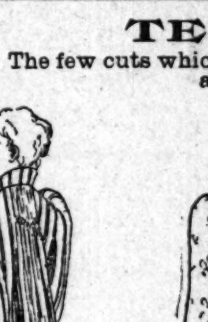
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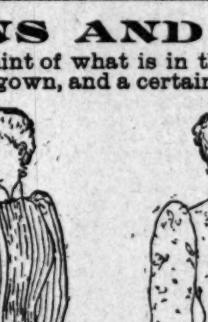
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THE CHILDREN'S DEPARTMENT

Is one of the busiest places in the store—probably because it is the representative stock of the town. Yet prices help.

Send us your Name and Address and we will mail, FREE OF CHARGE, our SUPPLEMENTARY SPRING CATALOGUE, showing the very latest styles worn this Spring. MAIL ORDERS FILLED PROMPTLY.

WANT THE WIRES DOWN.

MAYOR NOONAN CORRECTS A FALSE IMPRESSION AT THE CAPITOL.

The Chief Executive Sends a Letter to Lieut. Gov. Claycomb About the Underground Wire Bill—Contract for Brick Work on the New City Hall.

Subway and underground wire affairs have taken another turn in the last few days, and this morning while the members of the Board of Public Improvements were considering plans of the subway company and the Refrigerator company, Mayor Noonan and City Councilor Bell were constructing a letter to Lieut. Tom Claycomb on the underground-wire subject.

The plan, the Board has for a tunnel from Third street, out Olive to Seventeenth street, in which a man can walk upright, with room on either side for brackets and wires.

The Mayor's letter is as follows:

MAYOR'S OFFICE,
ST. LOUIS, March 9, 1891.

Lieut. Gov. Claycomb, President of the Senate,
Jefferson City, Mo.:

DEAR SIR:—I address this letter to you for the purpose of correcting the impression which seems to prevail at Jefferson City, that the people of St. Louis do not desire the passage of what is known as the underground wire bill. The fact is that the action of the Senate in laying said bill on the table is a great disappointment to public sentiment here, which is strongly in favor of the measure. As it presents itself, the city government is practically powerless to regulate the erection of telegraph and telephone poles in the city, and the number has increased until they are a serious obstruction to the operations of the Police Department in the enforcement of laws. They are a menace to life, and are uncouth and unsightly in appearance, constitute an unpleasant feature in the appearance of the streets. The bill has been carefully framed. It is based on the New York sub-way law and is practicable and capable of execution. It should become a law. It applies alone to St. Louis. This is the third session of the General Assembly at which this city has asked for this legislation, and I am at a loss to understand why it is denied. I beg leave to request that you will lay this letter before the Senate in order that there may be no misconception of the attitude of the people of St. Louis in the premises. Respectfully,
J. P. Noonan, Mayor.

The subway company evidently intends to make a big thing of the tunnel and it is looked upon very favorably by the board, as with the tunnel it will be reasonable to believe that some of the wires will go underground whether the bill in the Legislature passes or not.

A New City Hall Contract.

To-morrow at noon the Board of Public Improvements will receive bids for the brick-work contract on the new City Hall building. There is a great deal of brick to go into the building, and the bidders will be very numerous. Architect Mann has selected some yellow looking brick for the trimmings which look like old, rejected fire brick, being speckled over with black spots. He argues that in large quantities the brick gives a very good effect.

One on a Junketing Tour.

The doors of the House of Delegates were

NEW SOCIETY FAD.

SEWING CIRCLES NOW ALL THE RAGE IN THE WEST END.

Plain Sewing Substituted for Fancy Work—How the Fad Has Its Origin—Good Way to Get the Spring Sewing Done—A Capital Joke.

The new sewing circle fad, now so popular in the West End, owes its introduction into St. Louis society to a chance meeting of a number of young ladies a short time ago in which all complained of ennui, occasioned by the Lenten season. A young married lady with a house full of little children, heard of it and the next day she addressed the cutest little notes of invitation to twenty society belles, to meet at her house on a certain morning, and admonishing them not to forget their thimbles. The young ladies were all on the qui vive to find out what these invitations meant, and they arrived promptly upon the day appointed without a missing number and were cordially greeted by their hostess. After taking off their wraps and bonnets, they were invited to the upper regions and taken into two bright, cheerful rooms with lots of chairs, several work-tables and one, two, three, yes—five sewing machines. Upon the long center-table was a great pile of garments. Each girl was invited to select whatever she liked best in the way of sewing, and all went to work.

A NOVEL SCENE.

For a little while the novelty of the thing kept them quiet, but in a few moments such a chatter commenced as was never heard before. And such a sight was probably never witnessed before in St. Louis. The bright eyes, the busy fingers all so intent upon transforming the cloth into little garments of dainty form and fashion. Needle work is most womanly and those pretty damsel never appeared to better advantage. Their hostess had left them, but returning later she said: "Girls, I only wish the young men could see you now. Your fine gowns and ball-room airs and graces never formed such a becoming background for your faces. You all look so sweet and so womanly. But come to lunch. I have provided a lunch for you which I know you will relish as you never relished a meal before." They all repaired to the dining room and it is hardly necessary to say that the morning's work had given everyone a tremendous appetite and that the plain, wholesome meal provided was greatly enjoyed by all.

When the afternoon was far spent adjournment was taken for "tea" and a merrier lot of girls could not have been found in all St. Louis. They were all surprised at the seeming rapidity at which the time had passed and were all pleased at having spent the afternoon so usefully as well as so pleasantly.

The hostess thanked them most heartily for having assisted her in setting a new fashion and in assisting her in her spring sewing, as they had done more sewing in a day than a seamstress would have done in three weeks.

ALL THE RAGE NOW.

Since that day these sewing parties have become the rage, and the girls are priding themselves upon becoming adepts in the art of plain sewing, as fancy work is not tolerated at these meetings. Old-fashioned "sewing bees" were well enough in their way, but there is nothing like these new-fashioned sewing parties for real pleasure and substantial service. The "quiltings" of our grandmothers' youthful days seemed very pleasant, especially that part where the young beaux arrived to take supper and walk home with the girls in the moonlight. Another fashion years ago was for the members of a congregation to meet at the parsonage and do the family sewing of their clergyman's wife and children, but this often proved a nuisance, as everybody could attend who claimed a membership in the church, and many went who could do only botch work in sewing. Now these sewing parties so fashionable at present are altogether different. Those girls would never attempt to make a garment without knowing how to do it, and those ignorant of the art of sewing do not attempt intricate tasks. They are all trying to attain a high standard of excellence, and have enthusiastically entered into the spirit of the work.

A rule has been made that will be kept rigidly, and that is that nobody's husband or brother or sweetheart shall be admitted to one of these sacred meetings. "The young gentlemen think we never enjoy anything from which they are excluded, and now we will show them," said a member of the sewing circle.

A GOOD JOKE.

One young lady told a joke on herself at a late meeting which should go on record. She went to spend a morning with the sister of her betrothed when he was first beginning to single her out and before the momentous question had been asked. She was most anxious to appear well in the eyes of his sister, a rich and prominent widow with one little girl who will be a great heiress when she becomes of age. This lady has many old-fashioned ideas and one of them is that no girl would be a fit wife for her brother who is ignorant of domestic knowledge. She must know how to work, keep house and to sew. She invited her brother's sweetheart into her morning room and bringing out a lot of spring remnants said, "I am going to commence Sister's summer dresses and while I am down to see the cook about lunch you may cut out those skirts for me." Horror of horrors! to leave this young lady who knew nothing of plain sewing to cut out a 7-year-old girl's dress skirt. How was it possible for her to make a grand impression on Charley's sister? Growl, desperate, she seized a piece of muslin and calling the little girl to her, she carefully measured the length and width of the dress she wore and then commenced cutting and tearing as if she were used to it. Soon her hostess returned and looking at her with approval said: "You seem used to it. You have made dresses for your own little sisters, but"—approaching nearer—"stop

TEA GOWNS AND WRAPPERS.

The few cuts which we show are but a hint of what is in the store. There's a saving of dressmakers' bills and troubles on every gown, and a certainty of a good fit. Think it over.



TEA GOWN—French gingham. Loose back. Only \$1.75.
TEA GOWN—Figured Challie. Pleated tight back. Only \$3.75.
TEA GOWN—Striped gingham. Only \$1.75.
TEA GOWN—Made of French Challie, front of Cashmere. Only \$5.
WRAPPER—Style of cut, made of best make of calico, with high shoulder and long sleeves, skirts and lined waists. Only \$1.75. Who would make it for the price.
TEA GOWN—Made of fine all-wool flannel. For invalid or steamer wear. Only \$10.

A NEW MANUAL TRAINING SCHOOL.

An Addition to Be Built to the Present Structure at a Great Cost.

The Board of Trustees of the Washington University will hold a meeting to-morrow evening and decide upon plans for the erection of a \$40,000 or \$50,000 addition to the manual training school on the southwest corner of Eighteenth street and Washington avenue. The school is now under way for bringing under the control of the university one of the oldest and best medical schools of St. Louis as a medical department of the university, but the President of the Board, Mr. Leighton, says that this plan is too crude to allow him to say anything definite at present in regard to it. Should the Board arrive at a decision to-morrow night, a handsome new building with new machinery and all the latest improvements will be ready to accommodate 150 manual scholars when school opens next September.

The Week's Theatrical Attractions.

All of the local theaters introduced a change of attractions for the week yesterday and the attendance as a rule was large. At the Grand Opera House, who has been identified continuously with high-class productions, appeared with a select company and special scenery in Martha Morton's romantic drama, "The Refugee's Daughter." "The County Fair," with its quaint and amusing New England scenes and characters and its great racing event drew a good audience to the Olympic. Fast and furious fun with a sprinkling of music ruled at Pope's where "McCarthy's Mishaps" opened its second engagement here. Henshaw and Tenbroeck in their new farce comedy, "The Nabobs," made merry at Harlan's in the afternoon and evening. The Boom Burlesque & Specialty Co. gave a varied programme at the Standard, two performances.

Fanny Parnell League Ball.

A meeting of the Fanny Parnell League, held in the hall, 1306 Olive street, yesterday, it was decided to give a ball on the evening of St. Patrick's Day, March 17, in Thrift's Cave Hall, Jefferson and Washington avenues. Committees were appointed and all arrangements completed for a grand affair.

The Map Strike.

The Stove-makers' Union will hold its regular meeting to-night at No. 1310 North Broadway. The meeting will be of more importance than ordinarily, as the question of the three members going on a strike will be seriously considered.

to the development of existing departments of the Washington University and the installation of new ones are under consideration by the board," he said. "The department upon the Manual Training school necessitate an immediate extension of the capacity of the department, and at the meeting to-morrow evening plans looking to an enlargement which will provide for 150 more students will come before the board for approval, and will undoubtedly be approved if the money required, about \$40,000, can be secured. During the present term over 100 pupils were of necessity refused admission to the school for want of room. The new plans contemplate the erection of a new building upon the rear of the present lot, exclusively for the machinery and working-rooms, which will allow us to use the present building solely for class-rooms."

It is also understood that the arrangements are now under way for bringing under the control of the university one of the oldest and best medical schools of St. Louis as a medical department of the university, but the President of the Board, Mr. Leighton, says that this plan is too crude to allow him to say anything definite at present in regard to it. Should the Board arrive at a decision to-morrow night, a handsome new building with new machinery and all the latest improvements will be ready to accommodate 150 manual scholars when school opens next September.

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